

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

Division of Solid & Hazardous Materials

Bureau of Pesticides Management, 11th Floor
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Alexander B. Grannis
Commissioner

April 4, 2008

DELIVERY CONFIRMATION

Ms. Patti Straughan
Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc.
P.O. Box 18300
Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300

Dear Ms. Straughan:

RE: Registration of Fludi-Shield (USEPA Reg. No. 100-1237) which Represents a Major Change in Labeling for the Active Ingredient Fludioxonil (Chemical Code 071503)

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) has reviewed your application to register the above-referenced pesticide product containing the active ingredient fludioxonil.

The application was deemed complete for the purpose of review on May 31, 2007. The product as initially submitted was intended for indoor use as a fungicide for product manufacturing and for remedial treatment of water damaged buildings to prevent and control mold and mildew. In the completeness letter, the Department conveyed the concerns from the New York State Department of Health (DOH) reviewers about post-application inhalation exposure to fludioxonil from the use of Fludi-Shield for post-manufacturing use (i.e., mold prevention and remediation) of indoor surfaces. The letter requested that the registrant submit chemical-specific indoor air monitoring data and an accompanying exposure risk assessment for adults and children who could encounter fludioxonil in a residential setting as a result of post-manufacturing use. In response to this concern, the registrant removed the post-manufacturing use directions from the Fludi-Shield label.

The registration of this product is based on the technical review received from the DOH for impacts to human health from the industrial manufacturing uses only (i.e., incorporation into paper, wallboard, paint, caulks, sealants, adhesives, textiles, rubber and plastic) of fludioxonil.

Human Health Risk Assessment:

The DOH previously reviewed fludioxonil in the pesticide products Maxim 4FS Fungicide, Medallion Fungicide and Switch 62.5 WG Fungicide. Neither the end-use product Maxim 4FS Fungicide, which is identical in formulation to Fludi-Shield, nor the active ingredient fludioxonil, were very toxic in acute oral, dermal, or inhalation toxicity studies in laboratory animals. Fludioxonil and Fludi-Shield were minimally irritating to eyes, but not irritating to skin (tested on rabbits), and neither was a skin sensitizer (tested on guinea pigs). Fludioxonil caused some subchronic and chronic effects in animal studies. In addition, it caused some developmental effects in the offspring of pregnant rats, but not rabbits, at doses that also caused maternal toxicity. Fludioxonil caused some limited increase in liver tumors in female rats, but did not cause a tumorigenic response in male rats or in mice of either sex. This chemical was negative in a number of genotoxicity studies. Based on these data, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) classified fludioxonil as a Group D carcinogen--“not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity.” The USEPA Office of Pesticide Programs established a reference dose (RfD) of 0.03 milligrams per kilogram body weight per day (mg/kg/day) for fludioxonil based on a no-observed-effect-level (NOEL) of 3.3 mg/kg/day in a one-year dog feeding study (decreased weight gain in females) and an uncertainty factor of 100. This RfD has not yet been adopted by the USEPA’s Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS). A search of the toxicological literature did not find any significant new information on the toxicity of fludioxonil.

The USEPA reported the results of occupational and residential risk assessments for the proposed uses of fludioxonil. A residential risk assessment was conducted for inhalation exposures to this active ingredient for homeowner use of fludioxonil-treated paint. The assessment assumed that handlers wore short pants and a short-sleeved shirt without gloves or a respirator. For determining margins of exposure (MOEs), the USEPA compared estimated short-term inhalation exposures to a NOEL of 10 mg/kg/day from a rabbit developmental toxicity feeding study (decreased weight gain in does). Only short-term inhalation exposures were considered because the USEPA assumed painting by residential homeowners to be episodic in nature and not a daily occurrence. Dermal exposures were not estimated as no short-term dermal toxicity endpoints were identified. The inhalation MOE for brush/roller application was estimated to be 21,000 and the MOE for airless sprayer application was estimated to be 960. Generally, the USEPA considers MOEs of 100-fold or greater to provide adequate protection.

An occupational risk assessment was conducted for dermal and inhalation exposures to fludioxonil for industrial manufacturing materials preservation use patterns and commercial application of fludioxonil-treated paints. The assessment assumed that handlers wore a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves and shoes plus socks as per label requirements. For determining MOEs, the USEPA compared estimated short-term inhalation exposures to a NOEL of 10 mg/kg/day from a developmental toxicity feeding study in rabbits and intermediate- and long-term inhalation exposures to a NOEL of 3.3 from a one-year feeding study in dogs. Long-term dermal MOEs were calculated by comparing estimated exposures to a NOEL of 3.3 from a one-year feeding study in dogs. Short- and intermediate-term dermal

exposures were not considered in this risk assessment because no dermal toxicity endpoints were identified for fludioxonil for these exposures. A dermal absorption factor of 40% was used with the oral toxicity endpoint for route-to-route extrapolation and 100% absorption was assumed for the inhalation route. The MOEs for liquid pump (closed-metered delivery) application into various industrial manufacturing materials (including paint, paper/paperboard/wallboard, textiles, adhesives, and plastics) were estimated to be above the target MOE of 100. Most MOEs for liquid pour (open manual loading) application into paint, textiles, adhesives, and plastics were above the target MOE, except for long-term dermal exposure scenarios for adhesives (MOE of 37) and plastics (MOE of 46). The MOEs for commercial applicators of fludioxonil-treated paint using a brush or roller were above 100, except for long-term dermal exposures with (MOE of 83) or without (MOE of 11) gloves. MOEs for commercial applicators of fludioxonil-treated paint with an airless sprayer were below 100 for intermediate/long-term inhalation exposures (MOE of 95) and long-term dermal exposures with (MOE of 14) or without (MOE of 5) gloves. There were no post-application occupational exposures of concern identified by the USEPA.

Fludioxonil and the formulated product Fludi-Shield were not very acutely toxic or irritating to laboratory animals. However, fludioxonil caused some subchronic, chronic and developmental effects in laboratory animals and had some limited oncogenic potential. According to the residential and occupational risk assessments, the proposed uses of this active ingredient would pose a low risk to the general population, but would pose greater risks to workers. Estimated risks to manufacturing use workers from inhalation exposure to fludioxonil were minimal given its relatively low vapor pressure (2.9×10^{-9} mm Hg), but the estimated long-term dermal risks for some open pour loading scenarios were below the target MOE of 100-fold or greater. In the occupational risk assessment, the USEPA states “Industrial workers involved in materials preservative uses are best protected under conditions where engineering controls are employed for closed metered delivery/application.” This would mitigate risks for closed-metered delivery of fludioxonil into industrial manufacturing materials, but not open pour scenarios, the latter of which is not prohibited by the label. In regard to commercial applicators of fludioxonil-treated paints, dermal MOEs were below the target MOE of 100-fold or greater with or without the use of gloves, and inhalation MOEs were below 100 for airless sprayer applications. The USEPA considers the estimated risks for commercial painters using fludioxonil-treated paints to be conservative due to the use of “...maximum a.i. concentration incorporated into paints, high-end estimates for quantity handled per day, and a long-term use duration.”

Given the estimated risks for some exposure scenarios, the Department had concerns for registering the Fludi-Shield product, and recommended that the registrant be required to address the concerns and to develop mitigative measures to reduce exposures for those scenarios where risks exceed levels of concern. In response to the Department’s concerns, the registrant made some product label changes. To mitigate risks from the open pouring of Fludi-Shield during the formulation of caulks/sealants/adhesives/binders and rubber/plastics, the registrant placed a prohibition of such use on the label. The registrant also modified the label by placing a reduction in the rate range and maximum application rate for the use of Fludi-Shield in the manufacture of paints.

The registrant also submitted detailed summaries of two studies on the dermal absorption of fludioxonil for the purpose of supporting the use of a lower dermal absorption value (7.4% rather than 40% as initially assumed) in their risk assessment. These studies have not been submitted to the USEPA and reviews by that agency are not available. One study measured the *in vivo* dermal absorption in rat skin of radiolabeled fludioxonil when applied as an aqueous solution. In this study, two application rates were used, and systemic absorption, dermal retention and dislodged amount were measured at 6, 24 and 48 hour post-application time points following a skin wash at the 6th hour. The maximal absorption was 7.4% of applied dose at the 48 hour time point for the lower application rate and 0.6% for the higher application rate. An *in vitro* study measured penetration of radiolabeled fludioxonil in rat and human epidermis. The test material was applied to prepared epidermis (isolated from intact skin) placed on diffusion cells, and penetration to perfusate was measured at hourly or bi-hourly intervals for a period up to 48 hours. For rat epidermis at the 12-hour interval, penetration was 23.9% for the low application group and 0.7% at the high application group. In human epidermis, the corresponding values were 0.2% and 0.01% of applied fludioxonil. The registrant's conclusion from these studies is that measured dermal absorption in rats is lower than that used in the original risk assessment (wherein 40% absorption was assumed) and that absorption across human skin would be considerably lower than that in rat skin. The registrant also contends that the dermal absorption of fludioxonil from a paint matrix will be less than that which occurs from exposure to this active ingredient in aqueous dilutions, such as those used in the dermal penetration studies.

Using the dermal absorption data described above and the restrictions for use imposed by the label changes, the registrant submitted a revised risk assessment. This revised assessment used the same toxicity endpoints and values as was used in the previous assessment. In this assessment, the label prohibition against open-pour application during the formulation of caulks/sealants/adhesives/binders and rubber/plastics was considered. The MOEs for long-term inhalation and dermal exposures combined for the closed loading for these uses are 2,280 and 2,850, respectively. For commercial painters, the MOEs based on the new label maximum Fludi-Shield application rate to paints and a dermal absorption of 7.4% rather than 40% are 291 and 109 for brush/roller applications and airless sprayer applications, respectively. These MOEs exceed the greater than or equal to 100-fold values which the USEPA generally considers to provide adequate protection.

The additional information on submitted and reviewed for dermal absorption, along with the label changes, indicate that the risks posed by the Fludi-Shield product should be within the range that is generally considered adequate.

Based on the above-mentioned information, the Department accepts for general use registration in New York State Fludi-Shield (USEPA Reg. No. 100-1237) which contains the active ingredient fludioxonil.

Enclosed are your Certificate of Registration and New York State stamped "ACCEPTED" label.

Ms. Patti Straughan

5.

Syngenta is reminded that if New York State registration is requested for this chemical which contains an expansion of use patterns, the product will be considered a **Major Change in Labeling and the Department will require an extensive review.**

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact Samuel Jackling, Chief of our Pesticide Product Registration Section, at 518-402-8768.

Sincerely,

Maureen P Serafini

Maureen P. Serafini
Director
Bureau of Pesticides Management

Enclosures

ecc: w/enc. - R. Mungari, NYSA&M
A. Grey/E. Horn, NYSDOH
W. Smith, Cornell PSUR

PULL HERE TO OPEN ►

Fludi-Shield™

Fludi-Shield is a fungistatic agent that controls and/or inhibits the growth of many fungi associated with odor, staining and discoloration. Fludi-Shield can be applied to paper, wallboard, paint, coatings, caulks, sealants, adhesives, textiles, rubber, plastic and wood. Fludi-Shield is not intended to protect against food-borne or disease causing organisms. Fludi-Shield is not for use in food or feed handling areas.

Active Ingredient:

Fludioxonil* 40.3%

Other Ingredients: 59.7%

Total: 100.0%

*CAS No. 131341-86-1

Contains 4.1 pounds of active ingredient per gallon. Fludi-Shield weighs 10.2 lbs per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use described below or inside booklet.

Reformulation is prohibited. See individual container labels for repackaging limitations.

EPA Reg. No. 100-1237

EPA Est. 100-NE-001

Formulated in the USA

**SCP 1237A-L1C 1207
257434**

5 gallon (45 pounds)

Net Contents



| FIRST AID | |
|---|---|
| If inhaled | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulances, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. |
| If in eyes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If on skin or clothing | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. | |
| HOTLINE NUMBER For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire, or Accident) Call 1-800-888-8372 | |

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through the skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

Applicator and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber or butyl rubber.
- Shoes plus socks

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsates.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, INC. or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. **TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.**

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall SYNGENTA be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. **TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.**

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of SYNGENTA.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Fludi-Shield is a fungistatic agent that controls and/or inhibits the growth of many fungi associated with odor, staining and discoloration. Fludi-Shield can be applied to paper, wallboard, paint, coatings, caulks, sealants, adhesives, textiles and plastic. It provides an invisible barrier to inhibit the fungal organisms associated with mold and mildew that cause odor, staining and discoloration. Fludi-Shield is not intended to protect users or others against food-borne or disease causing organisms. Fludi-Shield is not for use in food or feed handling areas.

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

PAPER, WALLBOARD (DRY WALL AND GYPSUM BOARD) AND PAPERBOARD PRODUCTS

Fludi-Shield may be used to protect wallboard, paper, and paperboard products which do not come into contact with food. Paper products that may be treated include: wallboard liner; cream-faced liner; grayback paper; linerboard; ceiling tiles; boxboard; construction materials; core stock; rubber bonded materials; and, waterproof board that are not intended to come into contact with food.

Fludi-Shield can be added anytime during the formulation procedure to components of drywall. Fludi-Shield can be added to the white water at rates of 0.1 to 2.5 pounds active ingredient per ton of dry fiber. Applications can also be made at the size press or water box at a rate of 0.1 to 2.5 pounds active ingredient per ton of dry paper. Fludi-Shield should be applied with thorough agitation.

Fludi-Shield may be applied to the gypsum core of wallboard to inhibit the growth of fungi. Apply 0.05 to 0.6 pounds of active ingredient per 1000 pounds of formulation, i.e. wet slurry.

PAINT – WATER AND OIL BASED

Fludi-Shield provides dry film protection of fungal molds and mildews in water and oil based paint films. Fludi-Shield does not adversely affect paint films, package stability or cause yellowing of white based paints. Rates of Fludi-Shield in paints are dependent on the individual formulation and the expected severity of exposure conditions. The use rate will vary from 0.005 to 0.1 percent active ingredient by weight of paint. Testing should be done to confirm compatibility of Fludi-Shield with specific paint products.

LATEX CAULKS, SEALANTS, ADHESIVES AND BINDERS

Fludi-Shield will control fungal molds and mildews that cause discoloration and loss of adhesive properties. Fludi-Shield can be applied to gypsum wallboard and joint compounds, ceramic tile adhesives, adhesives for wall covering, adhesive emulsions, acrylic, polyvinyl acrylic and silicone based interior and exterior sealants, carpet backing and adhesives and air filter binders. Sufficient mixing to ensure adequate dispersion is required. To inhibit fungal disfigurement and deterioration Fludi-Shield should be applied at levels between 0.01 and 1.0 percent active ingredient by weight.

For use in adhesives, Fludi-Shield may not be applied using the open-pour method.

NATURAL AND SYNTHETIC FIBERS - TEXTILES, FABRICS, CANVAS AND CORDAGE

Fludi-Shield will control mold and mildew that cause odor and stain on products such as canvas, cordage, filters, shower curtains and drapes. Fludi-Shield also protects building materials such as awning, boat covers, carpets (fibers and backing), cordage, tents, tarpaulins and wall-covering yarn. Fludi-Shield may be applied at dosage levels from 0.1 to 0.7% based on finished fabric.

RUBBER AND PLASTIC PRODUCTS

Fludi-Shield is recommended for PVC (polyvinylchloride), polypropylene, polyethylene, polyurethane, rubber, thermoplastic rubber, and other polymeric products, coatings, adhesives, foams, and sealants requiring protection against biodeterioration. Do not use Fludi-Shield in plastics that can be used in the manufacture of food and beverage containers, including plastic piping for carrying water or beverages and piping for food processing equipment.

Fludi-Shield will control mold and mildew on rubber and plastic products. Fludi-Shield may be applied at rates from 0.01 to 0.8 percent active ingredient by weight. The temperature stability of Fludi-Shield may be influenced by the choice of heat stabilizer and plasticizer in the formulation. Testing should be done to confirm compatibility of Fludi-Shield with specific rubber or plastic products.

For use in plastics, Fludi-Shield may not be applied using the open-pour method.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Prohibitions

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Store in original containers only. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a secure area inaccessible to children and away from food or feed. In case of spill on floor or paved surfaces, mop and remove to chemical waste storage area until proper disposal can be made if product cannot be used according to the label.

Pesticide Disposal

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal

Triple rinse (or equivalent); then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

For Bulk and Mini-Bulk Disposal

Return container to Syngenta for reuse with seal intact and in salable condition.

Container Precautions

Before refilling RETURNABLE CONTAINERS, inspect thoroughly for damage such as cracks, punctures, bulges, dents, abrasions, and damaged or worn threads on closure devices.

After filling and before transporting, check for leaks.

Do not refill or transport damaged or leaking container.

DO NOT USE CONTAINER FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER.

Fludi-Shield™, the Syngenta logo and the CP FRAME  are trademarks of a Syngenta Group Company

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For non-emergency (e.g. current product information) call
Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-800-334-9481.

Manufactured For:
Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc.
P.O. Box 18300
Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300
www.syngenta-us.com

**SCP 1237A-L1C 1207
257434**

BAR CODE # IS
(01) 0 07 02941 33999
LAST DIGIT IS CHECK DIGIT
UCC/EAN 128

Fludi-Shield™

Fludi-Shield is a fungistatic agent that controls and/or inhibits the growth of many fungi associated with odor, staining and discoloration. Fludi-Shield can be applied to paper, wallboard, paint, coatings, caulks, sealants, adhesives, textiles, rubber, plastic and wood. Fludi-Shield is not intended to protect against food-borne or disease causing organisms. Fludi-Shield is not for use in food or feed handling areas.

| | |
|------------------------|--------|
| Active Ingredient: | |
| Fludioxonil* | 40.3% |
| Other Ingredients: | 59.7% |
| Total: | 100.0% |

*CAS No. 131341-86-1

Contains 4.1 pounds of active ingredient per gallon. Fludi-Shield weighs 10.2 lbs per gallon.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to supplemental labeling under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Reformulation is prohibited. See individual container labels for repackaging limitations.

EPA Reg. No. 100-1237
EPA Est. 100-NE-001

Fludi-Shield™ and the Syngenta logo are trademarks of a Syngenta Group Company

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Manufactured For:
Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc.
P.O. Box 18300
Greensboro, North Carolina 27419-8300
www.syngenta-us.com

SCP 1237A-L1C 1207
257434

5 gallon (45 pounds)
Net Contents

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. CAUTION

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use described below or inside booklet.

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through the skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

FIRST AID

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulances, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

HOTLINE NUMBER: For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire, or Accident) Call **1-800-888-8372**.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsates.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Prohibitions

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Store in original containers only. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a secure area inaccessible to children and away from food or feed. In case of spill on floor or paved surfaces, mop and remove to chemical waste storage area until proper disposal can be made if product cannot be used according to the label.

Pesticide Disposal

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal

Triple rinse (or equivalent); then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

syngenta®